

Number Plate Detection: A Complete Review

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Abstract

Number Plate Detection involves the various image processing take, related to edge detection, character recognition etc.

This paper reviews the overall concept of the number plate detection and also explains them in detail.

Keyword: Number Plate Detection, Number Plate Extraction

Introduction

Ongoing year, because of individuals' life and native's pay is expanding persistently, cause general individuals possess the vehicle rate is increasingly high, notwithstanding the administration spread overwhelmingly neglected movement, the car is a pointer of way of life as well as is an instruments of take transportation and decrepit for individuals. So vehicles administration of parking areas, electronic toll accumulation administration of expressway, finding vehicles stolen and screen of street et cetera, all turn out to be new security interest for individuals with vehicles administration and vehicles stolen stay away from [1]. At the concentrated city of business movement and the new kind building, all have republic parking areas or underground parking areas, however the parking spot isn't in any case enough, so how to deal with the parking areas proficiently, ease of use the parking spot effectively, enhance the effectiveness of administration and decrease the cost of administration, turn into a significance question. Parking areas has a man to execute vehicle control and charge physically, however not have vehicle go in and out constantly, accordingly this sort of administration is exceptionally squander difficult work and time.

In this manner utilization of programmed tag acknowledgment framework, precisely can achieve computerization of parking garages to diminish the cost of administration, to screen and enhance the ease of use of parking garages. In the rush hour gridlock viewpoint, to forestall of car crash and

search for of vehicles stolen, because of number of police individual isn't sufficient, if just utilize individual to perceive the tag number, we will couldn't achieve the objective quickly, subsequently to set up a programmed tag acknowledgment framework, we can tracking the experience vehicles as well as spare a large portion of labor to enhance perceived effectiveness. The utilization of programmed tag acknowledgment framework, precisely can achieve enhanced productively that discover the stolen vehicles, likewise control significance street and tracking the questionable vehicles to decrease the infringement of movement rules.

Number Plate Detection Steps

The primary point of this work is to make the modules for Automatic reconnaissance framework. This module ought to get a piece of the procured picture as the info and is expected to restore the number in editable type of tag. By and large, the framework is planned to perceive a wide range of tags.

The assortment of them is tremendous. They are of various shapes and hues, letters can be orchestrated in excess of one column. For instance in India license plates are white foundation with dark letters. Presently the High Security Registration Plate Scheme (HSRP) Scheme was propelled in 2011, unique in relation to the old organization. It has chromium-based multi dimensional image with 'IND' in blue is recorded utilizing hot stamping foil and a one of a kind Permanent Consecutive Identification Number

[3]. In this work just the single line plates with dark letters on white foundation are accepted as the right as it was. The vehicle number plate in India comprises nation code, state code, region code, sort of vehicle lastly the real enrollment number as appeared in the figure 1.1.

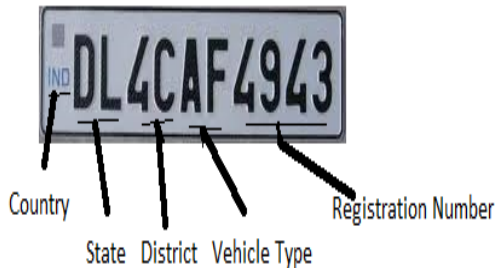


Figure 1: Indian License Plate Format

In detection and recognition method four main steps are there.

- A. Preprocessing
- B. Localization
- C. Segmentation
- D. Recognition

A. Preprocessing

The input image comprises of numerous hues and the image is handled at first to enhance the quality and sets it up to next periods of the framework. Since the image has diverse colors the framework will change over the RGB images to dim scale images using NTSC standard technique.

$$\text{Gray} = 0.299 * \text{Red} + 0.587 * \text{Green} + 0.114 * \text{Blue}$$

In the next stage the dark image is sifted utilizing middle channel in order to expel the clamor, while protecting the sharpness of the image. The channel utilized is a nonlinear channel where it replaces every pixel with an esteem got by processing the middle of estimations of pixels.

B. Localization

This system is utilized to distinguish the potential license plate locale from the given image. The primary destinations of such sort of frameworks are to confine the tag locale from the images of the vehicles that are caught from the camera/video.

Nature of the image frames an imperative piece of this method so preprocessing the image helps in enhancing the quality. Number plates typically seem

to have high differentiation zones in the image (dark and-yellow or highly contrasting).

The numbers and letters are set in a similar column (i.e. at an indistinguishable vertical level), which brings about regular changes in power evenly. This gives the premise to distinguishing the adjustments in the even force as the lines that will contain the number plate are expected to demonstrate sharp varieties.

The explanation behind this sharp variety is the difference between the letters and its experience.

Presently the resized double images are prepared to be applied to the Hough change. Before for the Hough change application the image are nourished to edge identifier. Edges help to characterize the limits and along these lines are issues of basic significance while preparing the image.

Edges in images are where solid force contrasts are present, a sudden variety in the power starting with one pixel then onto the next. Distinguishing the edges of an image essentially decreases the measure of information and it helps in sifting through the futile data, while safeguarding the critical basic properties of an image. The Hough change is a standard instrument in image examination that permits acknowledgment of worldwide examples in an image space by acknowledgment of nearby example in a changed parameter space.

It is especially valuable when the examples one is searching for are meagerly digitized have "gaps" and the photos are noisy. Especially in recognized straight line in the licenses plate.

The essential thought of this system is to discover bends that can be parameterized like straight lines in an appropriate parameter space. Utilizing Hough change tag territory is identified.

B. Segmentation

The subsequent stage after the detection of the number plate zone is a division of the plate. The division is a standout amongst the most critical procedures in the programmed number plate acknowledgment, since every single further advance depend on it. In the event that the division falls flat, a character can be shamefully isolated into two pieces, or two characters can be disgracefully blended together.

If we accept just a single column plates, the division is a process of discovering level limits between characters. The second period of the division is an improvement of segments. The section of a plate contains other than the character additionally bothersome components, for example, specks and extends and also repetitive space on the sides of character.

There is a need to eliminate these components and concentrate just the character. Since the segmented plate is deskewed, we can section it by distinguishing spaces in its level projection. We regularly apply the adaptive thresholding channel to upgrade a region of the plate before division. The versatile thresholding is utilized to isolate dark foreground from light foundation with non-uniform brightening.

C. Recognition

Numbers portioned are contrasted and information bases utilizing diverse calculation and perceived. Image got after division is Grayscale. Take after the preprocessing ventures for the preparation of the characters. Before setting up the template for every one of the characters for additionally utilize, we have to do some preparing on the images.

The accompanying are the activities that are performed: Binarization, Inversion of power of the characters. Locate the associated part that speaks to the character. Locate the littlest square shape encasing this associated part. At that point standardization of the image to estimate 15 X 15. Store the force esteems utilizing the underneath said calculation for every one of the characters.

Compute the score for every one of the characters: We figure the coordinating score of the fragmented character from the templates of the character put away by the accompanying calculation.

We analyze the pixel estimations of the grid of fragmented character and the template lattice, and for each match we add 1 to the coordinating score and for each mi coordinate we decrement 1.

This is improved the situation each of the 225 pixels. The match score is created for each template and the one which gives the most elevated score is taken to be the perceived character. Character sets utilized for preparing.

Basic Concept of Number Plate Extraction System

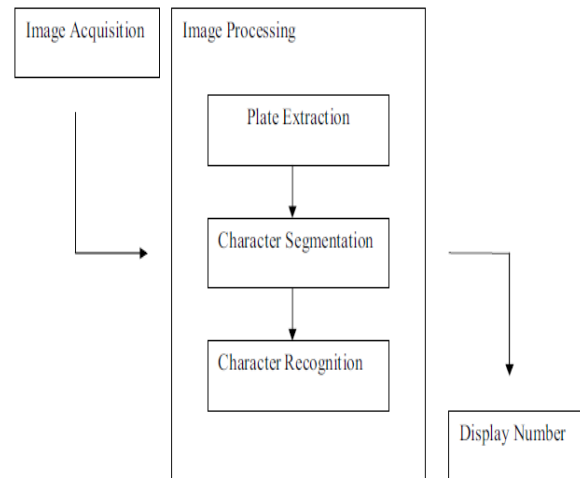


Figure 2: General Block Diagram of Vehicle Number Extraction System

- Plate Extraction
- Character Segmentation
- Character Recognition

3.1 Plate Extraction:

The inputs to the system were the images of vehicles captured by a camera. RGB to gray-scale conversion is adopted, in order to facilitate the plate extraction, and increase the processing speed. Color image (RGB) acquired by a digital camera is converted to gray-scale image using following NTSC standard

$$\text{Gray} = 0.114 * R + 0.587 * G + 0.299 * B$$

The basic step in recognition of vehicle number plate is to detect the plate size. In general number plates are in rectangular shape; hence it is necessary to detect the edges of the rectangular plate. Mathematical morphology is used to detect the region of interest and Sobel operator are used to calculate the threshold value, that detect high light regions with high edge magnitude and high edge variance. The binary gradient mask shows lines of high contrast in the image. These lines do not quite delineate the outline of the object of interest. Compared to the original image, gaps in the lines are observed that surrounds the object in the gradient mask. These linear gaps disappear if the Sobel image is dilated using linear structuring elements. Structuring element is represented as matrices, which is a characteristic of certain structure and features to

measure the shape of an image which is used to carry out other image processing operations.

3.2 Character Segmentation:

Segmentation is one of the most important processes in the number plate recognition, because all further steps rely on it. If the segmentation fails, a character can be improperly divided into two pieces, or two characters. The ultimate solution on this problem is to use bounding box technique. The bounding box is used to measure the properties of the image region. Once a bounding box created over each character and numbers presented on number plate, each character & number is separate out for recognition of number plate.

Another important technique for obtaining the segmented characters from license Plate are 'lines' function and 'clip' function. First plate image is converted into binary image. Then 'Lines' Function is used to divide text on the number plate into lines, which uses 'clip' function. 'Clip' function crops black letter with white background. After cropping image, resizing is done and same operation is repeated on

the cropped image. This process is followed till all the characters are segmented [5].

3.3 Character Recognition:

This step is the main part of the system and is called as Character Recognition step, where segmented characters are recognized. Character Recognition is also called as Optical Character Recognition (OCR)[8][9]. Traditional methods used for number plate recognition were OCR "Optical Character Recognition" and "Formula Based Recognition". It is employed for the purpose of conversion of images of text into characters. Number plate recognition is now used to compare the each individual character against the complete alphanumeric database using template matching. The matching process moves the template image to all possible positions in a larger source image and computes a numerical index that indicates how well the template matches the image in that position. Matching is done on a pixel by pixel basis. The template is of size 42 × 24. Since the template size is fixed, it leads to accurate recognition.

Table 1: Related Work in this field

Ref. No.	Solution Approach	Results	Tool
[1]	Off-line recognition system for machine printed and handwritten historical documents	Recognition rate is 95.44% achieved, the text set has 1351 characters and the train set 5407 characters and system recognition rate was 94.62%.	SVM
[2]	Arabic OCR algorithm	Recognition accuracy was 96.5%	
[5]	OCR System for English with Database	Better Results obtained as compared to previous systems.	
[8]	Automatic extraction Methods of container Identity Numbers and registration Plates of Cars	Recognition accuracy is 93%	
[9]	Feature Based adaptive image segmentation technique	85% for number plate localization, 95% for character segmentation and 82% for character recognition.	
[10]	Two-step approach for localization	87% of the plates were localized correctly	

Conclusion

The traffic is increasing day by day in order to automize the implementation of the traffic rules , and parking applications number plate detection plays the important role. This paper reviews the overall

concept involved in the number plate detection and on the basis of the concept discussed we will also like to extend our research on the number plate extraction based vehicle file implementation regarding the prohibitions of older vehicle entry in

some restricted areas and also the pollution fine implementation.

In our research, we have tried to use the concept of the number plate detection in implementing the pollution fine and restricting the older vehicle entry in concern areas.

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